

**LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT
DIVISION OF ADULT AND CAREER EDUCATION
SAFETY TEST FOR POWERLINE PROGRAM**

School: _____ Industry Sector: Energy, Environment & Utilities

Class: _____ Date: _____

Teacher: _____ Room: _____
(Please Print)

Your Name: _____ Phone: _____
(Last) (First)

Date of Birth: _____ Age: _____ Email: _____

Address: _____
(Street) (City) (Zip)

In Case of Accident, Notify: _____ Phone: _____

To the Student:

These instructions are an important part of training in the Powerline program. All members of the class must observe safety rules and precautions. Habits of carelessness or of failure to follow these rules are sufficient cause for dismissal from the class.

All students are required to learn these safety rules as part of the Powerline program. Additional specific safety instructions are taught in the classroom about with the various operation of machines and other workplace equipment.

All students will be required to pass this safety examination with 100% accuracy and to sign the back page of this examination indicating that you have received these instructions.

This test must be on file in the school records for 5 years.

Directions: Mark "T" for true if the following statements are completely true or "F" for false if any part of the statement is untrue. The first statement will serve as an example:

- | | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| 0. Most accidents in the classroom are due to unsafe acts by people. | <u> T </u> |
| 1. All classroom injuries and accidents must be reported to the teacher immediately. | <u> </u> |
| 2. The school elevator may be used during an emergency such as fire or earthquake. | <u> </u> |
| 3. It is permissible to store heavy items on top of file cabinets and bookcases as long as nothing is stored within 18" of the sprinkler system. | <u> </u> |
| 4. Objects or materials must be passed carefully to or at another student. | <u> </u> |
| 5. You may lift or carry heavy boxes or equipment in school less than 25 lbs. using proper lifting techniques. | <u> </u> |
| 6. Any frayed cord or even the slightest shock or spark from electrical wire or connections must be reported to the instructor immediately. | <u> </u> |
| 7. When broken tools or an unsafe classroom condition are found, or a machine is in need of repair, it is permissible to make the needed repair and then report the condition to the instructor. | <u> </u> |
| 8. Smoking on school campus is a violation of District rules and the Health Code. | <u> </u> |

- 9. Hands must be dry when handling any electrical equipment. _____
- 10. All four legs/wheels of the chair must be on the floor. Tilting back can cause the loss of balance. _____

Directions: Choose the best answer from the (a), (b), (c), or (d) choices to complete each statement. Write the letter of your choice on the line provided in the right margin.

POWERLINE GENERAL SAFETY

- 1. Most accidents in the yard are due to:
 - a) Unguarded equipment
 - b) Unsafe equipment conditions
 - c) Horse playing acts by people
 - d) Not following safety procedures
 - e) All the above_____

- 2. Before working with any machines, equipment, or power tools and working in the yard, you must:
 - a) Pass a safety test
 - b) Learn how to turn on and inspect various types of tools and machines
 - c) View instructional safety video to properly fit and inspect climbing gear
 - d) Learn the location of all first aid kits located around the yard
 - e) All the above_____

- 3. When there is even the slightest accident, injury, or illness in the yard, you should first:
 - a) Tell your instructor
 - b) Get the first aid kit and use it
 - c) Get the injured person to the nurse
 - d) Put a bandage on the injury and continue working_____

- 4. Whenever you find broken tools, an unsafe yard condition, or a machine in need of repair, you should first:
 - a) Make the needed repair at once
 - b) Use the tool, complete the repair and then report the broken tool
 - c) Report the condition to your instructor
 - d) Warn your classmates to be careful_____

- 5. Since loose clothing, ties, dangling jewelry and long hair could get caught in moving parts or machines, you should:
 - a) Get another student to help you
 - b) Get your hair cut before using machinery
 - c) Stay away from such machinery
 - d) Wear properly fitted clothes, and tucked-in shirts, and remove jewelry when working with machinery._____

6. To protect your feet when climbing Power poles, or objects on the floor of the yard, you should wear:
- a) Sneakers
 - b) Sandals
 - c) Solid shoes with full tops, preferably with rubber soles and heels
 - d) Lineman Boots with 2 ½" heel with half or full shank
7. When lifting heavy objects, keep your back and head as straight as possible, and use your:
- a) Arm muscles
 - b) Back muscles
 - c) Leg muscles
 - d) Stomach muscles
8. Lifting heavy objects and carrying long pieces should be done by:
- a) More than one person
 - b) Someone else
 - c) Knocking obstacles out of your way
 - d) All the above
9. Hoses, cords, tools, and jacks must be kept out of yard passageways to prevent:
- a) Slips and falls
 - b) A messy-looking yard
 - c) Injuries
 - d) All the above
10. To prevent injury to eyes or ear drums from flying particles, an air hose should never be:
- a) Pointed toward yourself or others
 - b) Used to clean dust from your clothing
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
11. In case a fire begins in the yard, you should:
- a) Know where fire extinguishers are and how to use them
 - b) Report the fire and follow only your instructor's directions
 - c) Know how to turn off gas and power machinery
 - d) All the above
12. Materials or fluids that are flammable or combustible should never be used near sparks or flames. If you do not know whether or not a material is combustible, you should:
- a) Read the label on the container or ask the teacher
 - b) Light a match to a small sample of the material or fluid to find out
 - c) Ask a more experienced person
 - d) All the above

13. Any spilled liquids on the yard should be cleaned up to prevent:
- a) Fire
 - b) Injuries
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
-
14. Before you leave the area, put all rags containing varnish, paint, solvents, or other similar flammable materials:
- a) In designated flammable material containers
 - b) Under the nearest bench
 - c) In your pocket
 - d) In your locker
-
15. When moving a ladder, be sure that:
- a) It is closed
 - b) There are no tools or materials left on top of the ladder
 - c) Be aware of electrical lines
 - d) All the above
-
16. When working with an A-frame ladder:
- a) It is acceptable to stand on the top step
 - b) It is acceptable for two people to work on the ladder at the same time
 - c) It is acceptable for one leg to be broken or uneven
 - d) Do not stand on the top two steps as you may lose your balance
-
17. Long ladders:
- a) Should be carried by at least two people
 - b) Can be used for scaffolding planks
 - c) Should not exceed the specified load limit
 - d) A and C
-
18. When working with A-frame step ladders:
- a) All legs must be secure
 - b) It must be fully opened and locked
 - c) Do not climb on the back side of the ladder
 - d) All the above
-
19. When working on or around electrical items, use a:
- a) Wood ladder
 - b) Metal ladder
 - c) Fiberglass ladder
 - d) Either a or c
-

20. The top of an extension ladder must extend above the roof or platform at least:
- a) 30"
 - b) 6"
 - c) Two feet
 - d) 12"

21. When working around ladders, it is important to:
- a) Wear a hard hat and safety goggles
 - b) Never work under a ladder if someone is on the ladder
 - c) Have someone hold the ladder for you while you are on it
 - d) All the above
-

22. When climbing the ladder:
- a) Use both hands
 - b) Take one step at a time
 - c) Carry tools in tool bags and not your hands
 - d) All the above
-

23. Do not lean ladders against:
- a) Windows
 - b) Doors
 - c) Moveable objects
 - d) All the above
-

24. Using the tool of the right size, shape, and recommended "work load" for the job is important. Do not just pick up any available tool to "get by" because::
- a) The wrong tool can slip and hurt you
 - b) Over-loading a tool can cause breakage and injury
 - c) Both (a) and (b)
 - d) It is permissible to use any available tool
-

25. Never use chisels, hammers, punches, or any tools with:
- a) Round heads
 - b) Mushroomed heads
 - c) Flat heads
 - d) Square heads
-

26. Which is a good safety practice when working with hand tools?
- a) Giving tools to another person by the handles first
 - b) Cleaning off greasy handles so they aren't slippery
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
-

27. Never carry sharp-edged tools in your pocket or with the point toward your body because:
- a) You'll get hurt if you slip and bump against them
 - b) They will ruin your clothes
 - c) You'll forget where you left them
 - d) Someone else might be injured
-
28. Be sure sharp-edged tools are kept sharp because:
- a) A dull tool can slip over the work and injure you
 - b) A dull tool needs more pressure and is harder to control, and thus it is more dangerous
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
-
29. When you work with a screwdriver:
- a) Be sure the tip is not worn, chipped, or broken
 - b) Hold your work in the palm of your hand
 - c) Use any sized tip since it will probably do the job
 - d) Keep both hands on the screwdriver
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30. When using a shovel you should:
- a) Avoid using cracked or broken handles
 - b) Inspect before use
 - c) Repair or replace broken or splintered handles
 - d) All the above
-
31. When clamping work, never leave a clamp or any other part of your work protruding from the bench because someone could:
- a) Hit themselves with it
 - b) Disturb your work
 - c) Damage your work
 - d) All the above
-
32. When using the handsaw:
- a) Make sure to inspect the handle of the saw
 - b) Never place your hands under or near the teeth of the saw
 - c) Make sure the blade is sharp
 - d) All the above
-
33. When operating power machinery, the first thing to do in an emergency is to:
- a) Turn the power off
 - b) Finish the job and then report the trouble
 - c) Get away from the machine fast
 - d) Notify your instructor
-

34. Before leaving a power machine, be sure that:
- a) All parts have stopped moving
 - b) The power has been turned off
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
-
35. The power must be off when you are oiling, cleaning, or adjusting any power equipment to:
- a) Save electricity
 - b) Keep your attention on your work
 - c) Prevent catching your hands or clothing in moving parts
 - d) None of the above
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36. Before you start a power machine, be sure that you:
- a) Get your instructor's instructions and permission
 - b) Check to make sure that guards and safety devices are in place and adjustments are tightly locked
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
-
37. Before you turn on the power to start a machine, be sure:
- a) Any loose tools or other objects are removed from the machine
 - b) You are not standing where you could be injured by material thrown by the machine
 - c) To check with your instructor
 - d) All the above
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38. When using an extension cord:
- a) Route the wires above the work if possible
 - b) Make sure that there are no cuts or nicks in the cord
 - c) Make sure that the grounding prong is intact
 - d) All the above
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39. When using power tools, make sure that the guard is:
- a) Safely out of the way
 - b) Always in place
 - c) Removed to keep it from binding
 - d) Locked open
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40. When using any portable electric tool, check the electrical plug at the end of the cord to see that the _____ is not broken.
- a) Ground prong
 - b) Insulation
 - c) Drill bit
 - d) All the above
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- 41. When using a heavy-duty drill, hold the drill motor with both hands to:
 - a) Avoid breaking the drill bit
 - b) Avoid drilling an offset hole
 - c) Avoid twisting
 - d) Control the drill angle
- 42. Extension cords should be:
 - a) Red in color
 - b) Draped across aisles
 - c) Checked for worn insulation
 - d) Yanked out of the outlet when finished
- 43. When using power equipment, be sure your hands and feet are dry, because wet hands and feet invite:
 - a) Shocks
 - b) Blisters
 - c) Dirt
 - d) None of the above
- 44. While drilling with the electric drill:
 - a) Brace yourself well and be ready to release the switch in case the drill grabs
 - b) Keep your face away from the drill
 - c) Both a and b
 - d) Neither a nor b
- 45. When drilling a small piece of material:
 - a) Hold it in your lap
 - b) Never hold it in your hand
 - c) Use extra pressure
 - d) Use pliers to hold the material

Student	Instructor
<p>THIS IS TO CERTIFY that I have received instructions on safety precautions in my Powerline class.</p> <p>The teacher demonstrated to me how to use tools, equipment and chemicals safely and correctly. I will observe all safety precautions. If ever in doubt regarding any operations, I will obtain the necessary information from my teacher.</p>	<p>THIS IS TO CERTIFY that</p> <p style="text-align: center;">_____</p> <p style="text-align: center;">(name of student)</p> <p>has been given safety instructions in my class.</p> <p>I demonstrated the proper use of tools, equipment and chemicals in the class and this student passed this written safety test with 100% accuracy.</p>
<p>_____</p> <p>(Student Signature) (Date)</p>	<p>_____</p> <p>(Teacher Signature) (Date)</p>

**POWERLINE MECHANIC SAFETY TEST
ANSWER KEY**

TRUE/FALSE	GENERAL				
1. T	1. E	11. D	21. D	31. D	41. C
2. F	2. E	12. A	22. D	32. D	42. C
3. F	3. A	13. C	23. D	33. A	43. A
4. T	4. C	14. A	24. C	34. C	44. C
5. T	5. D	15. D	25. B	35. C	45. D
6. T	6. D	16. D	26. C	36. C	
7. T	7. C	17. D	27. A	37. D	
8. F	8. A	18. D	28. C	38. D	
9. T	9. D	19. C	29. A	39. B	
10. T	10. C	20. C	30. D	40. A	